Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

Listing of Claims:

1. (original) A compound of the following formula:

or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein

Ar is aryl or heteroaryl, each of which is optionally substituted with from 1 to 3 substituents.

- 2. (original) The compound of claim 1 wherein Ar is aryl or pyridinyl.
- 3. (original) The compound of claim 1 wherein Ar is phenyl.
- 4. (original) The compound of claim 1 wherein Ar is substituted with 1-3 substituents selected from the group consisting of halo, C₁-C₆-hydrocarbyl optionally substituted with halo, C₁-C₆-hydrocarbyloxy optionally substituted with halo.
- 5. (original) The compound of claim 1 wherein Ar is selected from one of the following:

N Z	MeO Tr	CI X	OMe MeO OMe
F ₂ HC O	F ₃ C	F	MeO
CI	and	CI_CI.	

6. (original) A compound of the following formula:

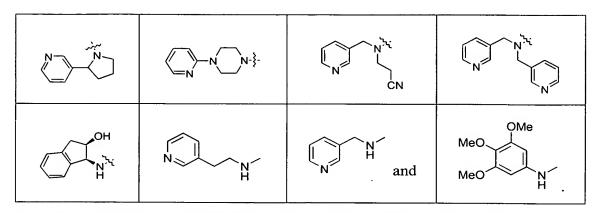
or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein

X is $-N(R^1)$ -, -O-, or -S-; or X is a nitrogen-containing heterocyclyl in which a nitrogen is covalently bound to the adjacent carbonyl in structure V and is optionally substituted with from 1 to 3 substituents; and

R and R^1 independently are -H, or optionally substituted a) C_1 - C_6 -hydrocarbyl or b) R^2 -L-, wherein R^2 is aryl or heteroaryl, L is C_0 - C_6 -hydrocarbyl- L^1 - C_0 - C_6 -hydrocarbyl, and L^1 is a covalent bond, -O-, -S-, or -NH-.

- 7. (original) The compound according to claim 6 wherein X is -NH-, -O-, morphilin-4-yl, piperidin-1-yl, piperizin-1-yl, or pyrrolidin-1-yl.
- 8. (original) The compound according to claim 6 wherein X is $-N(R^1)$ wherein R^1 is optionally substituted methyl or ethyl.
- 9. (original) The compound according to claim 6 wherein X is $-N(R^1)$ wherein R^1 is cyanoethyl or pyridinylmethyl.
- 10. (original) The compound according to claim 6 wherein X is $-N(R^1)$ wherein R is R^2 -L- wherein R^2 is phenyl, pyridinyl, indyl, or indolyl and L is a covalent bond, methyl, ethyl, or oxyethyl.
- 11. (original) The compound according to claim 6 wherein the combination of R-X- is selected from the following:

MeO N'''.'	O N	N ,,,,	N O'TH'
N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N		HN NH	MeO N''\'\'



12. (currently amended) In a third aspect, the invention comprises compounds A compound of the following formula:

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein

Y is $-N(R^4)$ -, -O-, -S-, $-N(R^4)SO_2$ -, $-SO_2$ -N(R^4) -, $-SO_2$ -, $-N(R^4)$ -C(O)-, -C(O)-N(R^4)-, -NHC(O)NH-, $-N(R^4)C(O)$ O-, -OC(O)N(R^4)-, or a covalent bond, and R^1 , R^2 , and R^3 independently are -H or R^a -C₀-C₆-hydrocarbyl wherein R^a is -H

or R^a is aryl or heteroaryl, each of which is optionally substituted with from 1 to 3 substituents.

 R^4 is -H, -C(O)-R b , -C(O)O-R b , -C(O)NH-R b ,or R^c -C $_0$ -C $_6$ -hydrocarbyl wherein

R^b is -H or -C₁-C₆-hydrocarbyl, and

R^c is -H, or aryl or heteroaryl each of which is optionally substituted with from 1 to 3 substituents.

- 13. (original) The compound according to claim 12 wherein R² and R³ are both -H.
- 14. (original) The compound according to claim 12 wherein Y is -NH-, -SO₂-NH-, or $N(R^4)$ wherein R^4 is -C(O)O-C₁-C₆-hydrocarbyl.
- 15. (original) The compound according to claim 12 wherein R¹ is aryl, benzothiazolyl, pyrimidinyl, triazolyl, benzodioxolenyl, or pyridinyl, each of which is optionally substituted with from 1 to 3 substituents.

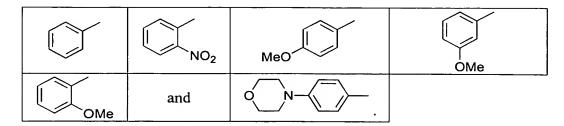
- 16. (original) The compound according to claim 15 wherein R¹ is substituted with from 1-3 substituents independently selected from C1-C₆-hydrocarbyl, C₁-C₆-hydrocarbyloxy, halo, methylthio, and acetyl.
- 17. (original) The compound according to claim 12 selected from the following:

MeO N,	N NH	Me N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	MeS N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N
MeO N H	O CH ₃	Q S N	N O CH ₃
N H	MeO N H	N—N—N—N—N—N—N—N—N—N—N—N—N—N—N—N—N—N—N—	N-
N-	N-N	N Me	and
N H .			

18. (original) A compound of formula:

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein Ar¹ is aryl or heteroaryl optionally substituted with from 1-3 substituents independently selected from -NO₂, CH₃O-, and morpholinyl (e.g., morpholin-4-yl).

- 19. (original) The compound according to claim 18 wherein Ar¹ is aryl optionally substituted with from 1-3 substituents independently selected from -NO₂, CH₃O-, and morpholinyl (e.g., morpholin-4-yl).
- 20. (original) The compound according to claim 18 wherein Ar¹ is phenyl optionally substituted with from 1-3 substituents independently selected from -NO₂, CH₃O-, and morpholinyl (e.g., morpholin-4-yl).
- 21. (original) The compound according to claim 18 selected from:



- (currently amended) A composition comprising a compound according to one claims
 1 claim 1 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, excipient, or diluent.
- 23. (currently amended) A method of inhibiting histone deacetylase in a cell, comprising contacting a cell in which inhibition of histone deacetylase is desired with an inhibitor of histone deacetylase according to one of paragraphs 1—21 claim 1.
- 24. (original) A method of treating a mammal suffering from a cell proliferative disease or condition a therapeutically effective amount of a composition according to claim 22.
- 25. (original) The method according to claim 24 wherein the mammal is a human.
- 26. (new) A composition comprising a compound according to claim 6 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, excipient, or diluent.
- 27. (new) A method of inhibiting histone deacetylase in a cell, comprising contacting a cell in which inhibition of histone deacetylase is desired with an inhibitor of histone deacetylase according to claim 6.
- 28. (new) A method of treating a mammal suffering from a cell proliferative disease or condition a therapeutically effective amount of a composition according to claim 26.
- 29. (new) The method according to claim 28 wherein the mammal is a human.
- 30. (new) A composition comprising a compound according to claim 12 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, excipient, or diluent.
- 31. (new) A method of inhibiting histone deacetylase in a cell, comprising contacting a cell in which inhibition of histone deacetylase is desired with an inhibitor of histone deacetylase according to claim 12.
- 32. (new) A method of treating a mammal suffering from a cell proliferative disease or condition a therapeutically effective amount of a composition according to claim 30.

- 33. (new) The method according to claim 32 wherein the mammal is a human.
- 34. (new) A composition comprising a compound according to claim 18 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, excipient, or diluent.
- 35. (new) A method of inhibiting histone deacetylase in a cell, comprising contacting a cell in which inhibition of histone deacetylase is desired with an inhibitor of histone deacetylase according to claim 18.
- 36. (new) A method of treating a mammal suffering from a cell proliferative disease or condition a therapeutically effective amount of a composition according to claim 34.
- 37. (new) The method according to claim 36 wherein the mammal is a human.